



KATIPŌ SPIDER

LIFESPAN: UP TO 2 YEARS (FEMALES), ONLY A FEW MONTHS FOR MALES DIET: BEETLES, FLIES, MOTHS, AND BEACH

HOPPERS

FUN FACT: THE NAME KATIPŌ MEANS "NIGHT STINGER" IN MĀORI. ONLY THE FEMALES CAN GIVE A SERIOUS BITE, BUT THEY'RE SO SHY THAT BITES ARE EXTREMELY RARE. THE SPIDER IS FOUND ONLY IN NEW ZEALAND'S SANDY DUNES.

RARITY: ENDANGERED



NZ SEA LIONS

LIFESPAN: 18-23 YEARS DIET:FISH, SQUID, AND

SOMETIMES PENGUINS OR FUR

SEAL PUPS

FUN FACT: FEMALE SEA LIONS
HAVE BEEN KNOWN TO TRAVEL
INLAND (UP TO ~2 KM) WITH THEIR
PUPS TO PROTECT THEM FROM
STORMS AND ROUGH COASTAL
CONDITIONS.

RARITY: ENDANGERED



GREAT WHITE SHARK

LIFESPAN: 30-60 YEARS

DIET: RAYS, SHARKS, PENGUINS, FUR

SEALS AND SEA LIONS

FUN FACT: GREAT WHITE SHARKS IN NZ
ARE TAGGED AND TRACKED. SOME
MIGRATE FOR MONTHS INTO WARMER
WATERS IN PLACES LIKE TONGA, FIJI,
AND AUSTRALIA AND THEN RETURN.
THESE SHARLS HAVE 300 TEETH, YET DO
NOT CHEW THEIR FOOD.

RARITY: THREATENED



KIWI

LIFESPAN: 25–50 YEARS
DIET: INSECTS, WORMS, SEEDS, FRUITS
FUN FACT: KIWIS ARE FLIGHTLESS BIRDS
WITH A HIGHLY DEVELOPED SENSE OF
SMELL, WHICH IS UNUSUAL FOR BIRDS.
THEY LAY ONE OF THE LARGEST EGGS IN
PROPORTION TO THEIR BODY SIZE. WHEN
THE FEMALE PRODUCES HER HUGE EGG
(OR TWO), IN SOME SPECIES LIKE THE
NORTH ISLAND BROWN KIWI, ONLY THE

MALE INCUBATES IT.

RARITY: ENDANGERED



